Understanding the National Dairy Herd Improvement Program

Uniform Operating Procedures

(Code of Ethics & Uniform Data Collection Procedures)



Revisions to the UOP

- Uniform Operating Procedures was last reviewed in 2002 and is currently made up of:
 - Code of Ethics
 - Uniform Data Collection Procedures
 - Records Disclosure Policy
- The Records Disclosure Policy will be moved into a separate document and reviewed by the Release & Use of Records Task Force in 2014
- Revisions were made to Code of Ethics & Uniform Data
 Collection Procedures by the UOP Task Force



Uniform Operating Procedures

Code of Ethics

Uniform Data
Collection Procedures

Revised and Adopted by National DHIA Board of Directors on March 9, 2014

Effective June 1, 2014



Scope of 2014 Revisions

The Task Force focused on:

- <u>Uniformity</u> in DHI data and programs
- Relevance to today's DHI program
- Inclusion of new technology and data
 - Organization and program needs
 - Electronic identification
 - Automatic milking systems and newer recording devices
 - Health and diagnostic screening data



Code of Ethics

The Code of Ethics provides guidelines for appropriate conduct in the production, collection, and distribution of DHI information for all individuals and organizations involved with these data.



Unethical Procedures

- A. Impairing the reliability of DHI data.
- B. Not cooperating or interfering in the use of the *Uniform Data*Collection Procedures to record DHI data.
- c. Intentionally providing inaccurate data or withholding necessary data resulting in misrepresentation of DHI information.



Unethical Procedures

- Engaging in management practices with the intent of misrepresenting the performance of individual animals and/or the herd.
 - Are the movement of animals between herds,
 - Influencing the relative performance of herd mates, and/or
 - Selective use of management techniques in an effort to bias DHI data.
- Permitting the collection of supervised data by a technician with a direct financial or family interest in the herd being tested without notification to and consultation with the field service auditor.



Uniform Data Collection Procedures

The purpose of these procedures is to provide the framework for a uniform, accurate system that will enhance data reliability.

The data are used for

Dairy Management Decisions

Genetic Evaluations

Education & Research

Promotion & Sales



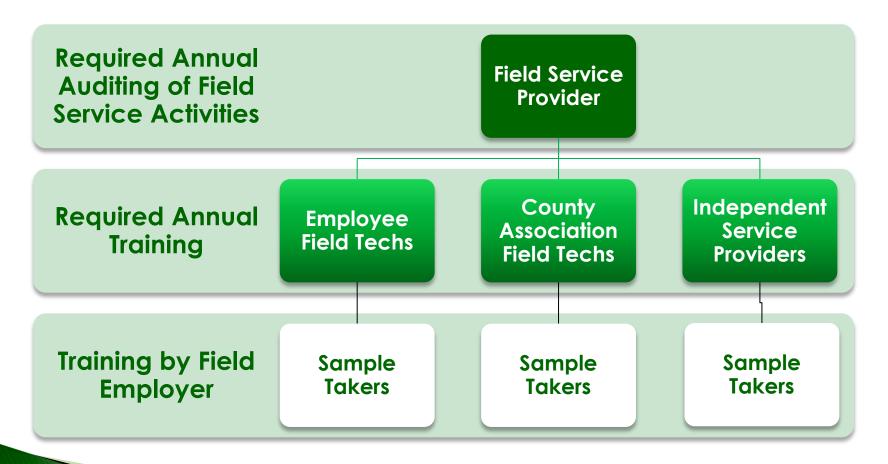
DHI Service Providers

DHI Service Providers, DHI personnel, and dairy herd owners and their employees are responsible for adherence to the UOP.





DHI Technicians & Sample Takers





Data Collection Procedures

Proper Collection of Milk Weights & Samples





Standard Equipment

Portable Meters

Electronic Meters

- Scales
- Weigh Jars

DHI Field Service Equipment

Dairy Producer Equipment

Must be:

- Approved Model
- Includes Meter, Sampler, and Software
- Calibrated Annually
- Marked with Calibration Tag



Approved Test Plans	

Sampling Protocol	Supervised D Supervised D test conducted certified field tech/rep	HI ed by	Supervised E Supervised DHI conducted by ce field tech/rep plu adherence to bre association rules	test ertified us eed	Unsupervised Dairy producer wei and samples milk o test day		Supervised Commercial DHI field tech weighs and samples milk, but certain aspects of the uniform operating procedures are not followed		
All milkings weighed & sampled on test day	DHI	00	DHIR	20	DHI-OS	40	DHI-COMM	70	
Less than all milkings weighed & sampled on test day	DHI-AP	31	DHIR-AP	23	DHI-OS-AP	41	DHI-COMM-AP	71	
All milkings weighed & less than all milkings sampled on test day	DHI-APCS	02	DHIR-APCS	22	DHI-OS-APCS	42	DHI-COMM-APCS	72	
All milkings weighed, but no samples taken on test day	DHI-MO	33			DHI-OS-MO	43	DHI-COMM-MO	73	
Less than all milkings weighed & no samples taken on test day	DHI-MO-AP	34			DHI-OS-MO-AP	44	DHI-COMM-MO-AP	74	
All milkings weighed, but no samples taken on test day – breed or bulk tank average used					DHI-OS-AC	45			
Less than all milkings weighed, but no samples taken on test day – breed or bulk tank average used					DHI-OS-APAC	46			



Must test all cows in the herd.

Cows must be visually identified with permanent identification number or registration number.

Milk shipped
(also known as
bulk tank
measurements)
totals must be
reported.



Fresh Cows

 Cows fresh four or more days beginning the evening milking of the fourth day after calving or the morning of the fifth day for AM-PM herds

Dry Cows

•The dry date is the 1st calendar day the cow is not milked.

Cows Leaving the Herd

 Last calendar day cow was in the herd.

Cows entering herd

 Calendar day following the last day of credits in former herd.



Sick Cows

- Actual production recorded and coded as abnormal (CAR Code)
- Cow's record will be adjusted accordingly.



Code aborted cows

- If carried calf less than 152 days record will continue.
- New lactation if calf was carried 152 days or longer.

Cows calving without going dry

- Record ends on day prior to calving.
- New lactation begins on calving date.

Prepartum milk is not counted.



All estimates for missing milk weights and sample component results are done by the DRPC.

Transfers
between field
service
providers must
be completed
within 15 days

Transfers
between DRPC
must be
completed
within 48 hours



Adjustment of Milk Weights to a Verifiable Source

• If the DHI Field
Service Provider
has verifiable
source for both
milk shipped and
milk not shipped,
the test day milk
weights are
adjusted at the
herd level to sum
of both milk
shipped and milk
not shipped.

Milk Shipped and Not Shipped Known

Only Know Milk Shipped

• If the DHI Field
Service Provider
has verifiable
source for milk
shipped but
cannot account
for milk not
shipped, the test
day milk weights
are adjusted at
the herd level to
102.8% of the milk
shipped weights.

 In the absence of both milk shipped and milk not shipped, the DHI Field Service Provider shall not adjust the test day milk weights. The normal application of both the 24-hour adjustment and AM/PM adjustment factors by the DRPC shall apply.

No Information



Automatic Milking Systems

from automatic milking system software may not be used in genetic evaluations unless the system meets
National DHIA/Quality
Certification
Services standards

- Test day milk weights will be obtained as 24hour yield obtained from the automatic (robotic) milking system software. The average 24-hour milk yield reported should represent a minimum of three consecutive days and not to exceed ten consecutive days.
- Milk samples shall be obtained using National DHIA accepted sampling devices for one of the milkings during the test day. There will be no application of AM/PM factors on milk samples.



Data Collection Rating

Test Plan	Daily	10 day LER	5 day LER	Supervised All	Supervised 2 of 3	Supervised 1 of 2	Supervised 1 of 3	Unsupervised All	Unsupervised 2 of 3	Unsupervised 1 of 2	Unsupervised 1 of 3
Test Days per Year	305	100	50	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Weight (%)	100	99	98	95	92	89	83	66	64	63	60
DCR	104	104	103	100	97	95	90	75	73	72	69

